AN ACT

Amending the act of November 30, 2004 (P.L.1672, No.213), entitled, "An act providing for the sale of electric energy 2 generated from renewable and environmentally beneficial 3 sources, for the acquisition of electric energy generated 4 from renewable and environmentally beneficial sources by 5 electric distribution and supply companies and for the powers and duties of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission," 6 7 further providing for definitions, for alternative energy portfolio standards, for portfolio requirements in other 8 9 states, for health and safety standards and for interagency 10 responsibilities; and providing for Tier III alternative 11 energy sources and for capacity payments to alternative 12 energy sources. 13

- The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania 14
- 15 hereby enacts as follows:
- Section 1. The definitions of "alternative energy credit," 16
- 17 "alternative energy sources," "force majeure" and "reporting
- period" in section 2 of the act of November 30, 2004 (P.L.1672, 18
- No.213), known as the Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards 19
- Act, are amended and the section is amended by adding 20
- 21 definitions to read:
- Section 2. Definitions. 22
- The following words and phrases when used in this act shall 23

- have the meanings given to them in this section unless the context clearly indicates otherwise:
- 3 "Alternative energy credit." A tradable instrument that is
- 4 used to establish, verify and monitor compliance with this act.
- 5 A unit of credit shall equal one megawatt hour of electricity
- 6 from an alternative energy source and shall only be used to
- 7 satisfy the requirement to purchase Tier I, Tier II or Tier III
- 8 alternative energy credits. The alternative energy credit shall
- 9 remain the property of the alternative energy system until the
- 10 alternative energy credit is voluntarily transferred by the
- 11 alternative energy system.
- 12 * * *
- "Alternative energy sources." The term shall include the
- 14 following existing and new sources for the production of
- 15 electricity:
- 16 (1) Solar photovoltaic or other solar electric energy.
- 17 (2) Solar thermal energy.
- 18 (3) Wind power.
- 19 (4) Large-scale hydropower, which shall mean the
 20 production of electric power by harnessing the hydroelectric
 21 potential of moving water impoundments, including pumped
 22 storage that does not meet the requirements of low-impact
- 23 hydropower under paragraph (5).
- 24 (5) Low-impact hydropower consisting of any technology
- 25 that produces electric power and that harnesses the
- 26 hydroelectric potential of moving water impoundments,
- 27 provided such incremental hydroelectric development:
- 28 (i) does not adversely change existing impacts to aquatic systems;
- 30 (ii) meets the certification standards established

by the Low Impact Hydropower Institute and American 1 Rivers, Inc., or their successors; 2 (iii) provides an adequate water flow for protection 3 of aquatic life and for safe and effective fish passage; 4 (iv) protects against erosion; and 5 (v) protects cultural and historic resources. 6 (6) Geothermal energy, which shall mean electricity 7 produced by extracting hot water or steam from geothermal 8 reserves in the earth's crust and supplied to steam turbines 9 that drive generators to produce electricity. 10 (7) Biomass energy, which shall mean the generation of 11 electricity utilizing the following: 12 (i) organic material from a plant that is grown for 13 the purpose of being used to produce electricity or is 14 protected by the Federal Conservation Reserve Program 15 (CRP) and provided further that crop production on CRP 16 lands does not prevent achievement of the water quality 17 protection, soil erosion prevention or wildlife 18 enhancement purposes for which the land was primarily set 19 aside; or 20 (ii) any solid nonhazardous, cellulosic waste 21 material that is segregated from other waste materials, 22 such as waste pallets, crates and landscape or right-of-23 way tree trimmings or agricultural sources, including 24 orchard tree crops, vineyards, grain, legumes, sugar and 25 other crop by-products or residues. 26 (8) Biologically derived methane gas, which shall 27 include methane from the anaerobic digestion of organic 28 29 materials from yard waste, such as grass clippings and leaves, food waste, animal waste and sewage sludge. The term 30

also includes landfill methane gas.

(9) Fuel cells, which shall mean any electrochemical device that converts chemical energy in a hydrogen-rich fuel directly into electricity, heat and water without combustion.

- waste coal, which shall include the combustion of waste coal in facilities in which the waste coal was disposed or abandoned prior to July 31, 1982, or disposed of thereafter in a permitted coal refuse disposal site regardless of when disposed of, and used to generate electricity, or such other waste coal combustion meeting alternate eligibility requirements established by regulation. Facilities combusting waste coal shall use at a minimum a combined fluidized bed boiler and be outfitted with a limestone injection system and a fabric filter particulate removal system. Alternative energy credits shall be calculated based upon the proportion of waste coal utilized to produce electricity at the facility.
- (11) Coal mine methane, which shall mean methane gas emitting from abandoned or working coal mines.
- (12) Demand-side management consisting of the management of customer consumption of electricity or the demand for electricity through the implementation of:
 - (i) energy efficiency technologies, management practices or other strategies in residential, commercial, institutional or government customers that reduce electricity consumption by those customers;
 - (ii) load management or demand response technologies, management practices or other strategies in residential, commercial, industrial, institutional and government customers that shift electric load from

1 periods of higher demand to periods of lower demand; or 2 (iii) industrial by-product technologies consisting of the use of a by-product from an industrial process, 3 including the reuse of energy from exhaust gases or other 4 manufacturing by-products that are used in the direct 5 6 production of electricity at the facility of a customer. (13) Distributed generation system, which shall mean the small-scale power generation of electricity and useful 8 9 thermal energy. (14) Energy from nuclear fission used to generate 10 electricity. 11 * * * 12 "Force majeure." Upon its own initiative or upon a request 13 14 of an electric distribution company or an electric generator supplier, the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission, within 60 15 16 days, shall determine if alternative energy resources are reasonably available in the marketplace in sufficient quantities 17 for the electric distribution companies and electric generation 18 suppliers to meet their obligations for that reporting period 19 under this act. In making this determination, the commission 20 shall consider whether electric distribution companies or 21 electric generation suppliers have made a good faith effort to 22 23 acquire sufficient alternative energy to comply with their 24 obligations. Such good faith efforts shall include, but are not 25 limited to, banking alternative energy credits during their 26 transition periods, seeking alternative energy credits through 27 competitive solicitations and seeking to procure alternative energy credits or alternative energy through long-term 28 contracts. In further making its determination, the commission 29

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shall assess the availability of alternative energy credits in

- 1 the Generation Attributes Tracking System (GATS) or its
- 2 successor and the availability of alternative energy credits
- 3 generally in Pennsylvania and other jurisdictions in [the PJM
- 4 Interconnection, L.L.C. regional transmission organization (PJM)
- 5 or its successor] PJM. The commission may also require
- 6 solicitations for alternative energy credits as part of default
- 7 service before requests of force majeure can be made. If the
- 8 commission further determines that alternative energy resources
- 9 are not reasonably available in sufficient quantities in the
- 10 marketplace for the electric distribution companies and electric
- 11 generation suppliers to meet their obligations under this act,
- 12 then the commission shall modify the underlying obligation of
- 13 the electric distribution company or electric generation
- 14 supplier or recommend to the General Assembly that the
- 15 underlying obligation be eliminated. Commission modification of
- 16 the electric distribution company or electric generation
- 17 supplier obligations under this act shall be for that compliance
- 18 period only. Commission modification shall not automatically
- 19 reduce the obligation for subsequent compliance years. If the
- 20 commission modifies the electric distribution company or
- 21 electric generation supplier obligations under this act, the
- 22 commission may require the electric distribution company or
- 23 electric generation supplier to acquire additional alternative
- 24 energy credits in subsequent years equivalent to the obligation
- 25 reduced due to a force majeure declaration if the commission
- 26 determines that sufficient alternative energy credits exist in
- 27 the marketplace.
- "Load-serving entities." As follows:
- (1) Entities or the duly designated agents of the
- entities, including load aggregators or power marketers,

1	that:
2	(i) serve end users within the PJM region; and
3	(ii) have been granted the authority or have an
4	obligation under a State law, local ordinance, regulation
5	or franchise to sell electric energy to end users located
6	within the PJM region.
7	(2) The term shall include end use customers that
8	qualify under State rules or utility retail tariffs to manage
9	directly their own supply of electric power and energy and
10	use of transmission and ancillary services.
11	* * *
12	"PJM." The PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. regional transmission
13	organization or its successor.
14	* * *
15	["Reporting period."] "Reporting period" or "reporting year."
16	The 12-month period from June 1 through May 31. A reporting year
17	shall be numbered according to the calendar year in which it
18	begins and ends.
19	* * *
20	"Tier I projected price." The Tier I projected price shall
21	equal the average of the Tier I futures price for the current
22	reporting year and the subsequent two reporting years. For the
23	purposes of calculating the Tier I projected price, the Tier I
24	futures price for each reporting year shall be the average of
25	the closing price on each trade date during the calendar year
26	that ends immediately prior to the start of the current
27	reporting year for alternative energy credits that are eligible
28	to meet the Tier I renewable energy requirement in this
29	Commonwealth.
30	"Tier III alternative energy credit reporting period price."

1	As follows:
2	(1) Except as provided under paragraph (2), the Tier III
3	alternative energy credit reporting period price shall be
4	determined by the commission 60 days before the start of each
5	reporting year.
6	(2) For the first reporting period for the Tier III
7	program, the commission may determine the Tier III
8	alternative energy credit reporting period price no later
9	than 60 days after the start of the reporting year.
10	(3) The Tier III alternative energy credit reporting
11	period price shall be equal to the Tier I projected price and
12	shall not be less than the Tier III price floor or greater
13	than the Tier III price cap.
14	"Tier III alternative energy source." A zero-emission
15	alternative energy source that:
16	(1) Is derived from:
17	(i) Solar photovoltaic and solar thermal energy.
18	(ii) Wind power.
19	(iii) Low-impact hydropower.
20	(iv) Geothermal energy.
21	(v) Nuclear fission.
22	(2) Satisfies all of the following:
23	(i) The alternative energy source is interconnected
24	with capacity injection rights within the regional
25	transmission organization with responsibility for this
26	Commonwealth.
27	(ii) If the alternative energy source were to cease
28	operation or fail to come in-service, all of the
29	following would occur:
30	(A) The ability of this Commonwealth or regions

1	of this Commonwealth to maintain or decrease existing
2	levels of volatile organic compounds or to comply
3	with Federal or State air pollution control programs,
4	standards or goals is reduced.
5	(B) The carbon dioxide emissions that result
6	from electricity consumed in this Commonwealth are
7	negatively impacted.
8	(C) The ability of this Commonwealth to maintain
9	or decrease existing levels of carbon monoxide, lead,
10	ground-level ozone, particulate matter, nitrogen
11	oxide or sulfur dioxide is negatively impacted.
12	(3) On or after January 1, 2017, satisfies any of the
13	following:
14	(i) Regardless of the alternative energy source's
15	location, did not receive tax exemptions, deferrals,
16	exclusions, allowances, payments, credits, deductions or
17	reimbursements from another state calculated in whole or
18	in part using a metric that provides value for emissions
19	not produced by the alternative energy source.
20	(ii) Is not wholly owned by a municipal or
21	cooperative corporation or a group, association or
22	consortium of a municipal or cooperative corporations.
23	(iii) Did not, at any point during the Tier III
24	program, recover some or all of the capital or operating
25	costs of the resource through cost-based rates regulated
26	by a state.
27	"Tier III price cap." As follows:
28	(1) Except as provided under paragraph (2), the Tier III
29	price cap shall be initially equal to the product of 65% and
30	the weighted average price of credits that were retired for

- Tier I compliance for the reporting year ending May 31, 2017,
- 2 <u>as reflected in the commission's 2017 Annual Report of</u>
- 3 Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards Act of 2004.
- (2) If the Commonwealth participates in a Statewide
- 5 <u>emissions fee program or a regional multistate greenhouse gas</u>
- 6 program, the initial Tier III price cap shall be adjusted
- annually by the ratio of the average price for allowances
- 8 under the program for the previous reporting year in price
- 9 per ton divided by \$15 per ton.
- 10 <u>"Tier III price floor."</u> As follows:
- (1) Except as provided under paragraph (2), the Tier III
- 12 price floor shall be initially equal to the product of 50%
- and the weighted average price of credits that were retired
- for Tier I compliance for the reporting year ending May 31,
- 15 <u>2017</u>, as reflected in the commission's 2017 Annual Report of
- 16 Alternative Energy Portfolio Standards Act of 2004.
- 17 (2) If the Commonwealth participates in a Statewide
- 18 emissions fee program or a regional multistate greenhouse gas
- 19 program, the initial Tier III price floor shall be adjusted
- 20 <u>annually by the ratio of the average price for allowances</u>
- 21 <u>under the program for the previous reporting year in price</u>
- 22 per ton divided by \$15 per ton.
- 23 "Tier III program." The period commencing at the beginning
- 24 of the 14th reporting year on June 1, 2019, to May 31, 2020.
- 25 * * *
- Section 2. Section 3(a), (b), (e), (f) and (g) of the act
- 27 are amended and the section is amended by adding a subsection to
- 28 read:
- 29 Section 3. Alternative energy portfolio standards.
- 30 (a) General compliance and cost recovery. --

- (1) From the effective date of this act through and including the 15th year after enactment of this act and each year thereafter, the electric energy sold by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier to retail electric customers in this Commonwealth shall be comprised of electricity generated from alternative energy sources and in the percentage amounts as described under subsections (b) and (c).
 - (2) Electric distribution companies and electric generation suppliers shall satisfy both requirements set forth in subsections (b) and (c), provided, however, that an electric distribution company or an electric generation supplier shall be excused from its obligations under this section to the extent that the commission determines that force majeure exists.
 - (2.1) Beginning June 1, 2019, and each year thereafter,

 Tier III alternative energy credits shall be purchased by

 electric distribution companies as described under subsection

 (c.1), provided, however, that an electric distribution

 company shall be excused from its obligations under this

 section to the extent that the commission determines that

 force majeure exists.
 - (3) All costs for:
 - (i) the purchase of electricity generated from <u>Tier</u>

 <u>I and Tier II</u> alternative energy sources, including the costs of the regional transmission organization, in excess of the regional transmission organization real-time locational marginal pricing, or its successor, at the delivery point of the alternative energy source for the electrical production of the alternative energy

sources; and

(ii) payments for <u>Tier I and Tier II</u> alternative
energy credits[, in both cases] that are voluntarily
acquired by an electric distribution company during the
cost recovery period on behalf of its customers shall be
deferred as a regulatory asset by the electric
distribution company and fully recovered, with a return
on the unamortized balance, pursuant to an automatic
energy adjustment clause under 66 Pa.C.S. § 1307
(relating to sliding scale of rates; adjustments) as a
cost of generation supply under 66 Pa.C.S. § 2807
(relating to duties of electric distribution companies)
in the first year after the expiration of its cost-
recovery period. After the cost-recovery period, any
direct or indirect costs for the purchase by electric
distribution companies of resources to comply with this
section, including, but not limited to, the purchase of
electricity generated from <a>Tier I and Tier II alternative
energy sources, payments for alternative energy credits,
cost of credits banked, payments to any third party
administrators for performance under this act and costs
levied by a regional transmission organization to ensure
that <u>Tier I and Tier II</u> alternative energy sources are
reliable, shall be recovered on a full and current basis
pursuant to an automatic energy adjustment clause under
66 Pa.C.S. § 1307 as a cost of generation supply under 66
Pa.C.S. § 2807.

(4) Any direct and indirect costs incurred by electric distribution companies to comply with subsection (c.1) and sections 8.1 and 8.2, including, but not limited to, the

purchase of Tier III alternative energy credits and payments

to any third-party administrators for performance under this

act shall be recovered on a full and current basis pursuant

to a nonbypassable adjustment clause under 66 Pa.C.S. § 1307.

- (b) Tier I and solar photovoltaic shares. --
- Two years after the effective date of this act, at least 1.5% of the electric energy sold by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier to retail electric customers in this Commonwealth shall be generated from Tier I alternative energy sources. Except as provided in this section, the minimum percentage of electric energy required to be sold to retail electric customers from alternative energy sources shall increase to 2% three years after the effective date of this act. The minimum percentage of electric energy required to be sold to retail electric customers from alternative energy sources shall increase by at least 0.5% each year so that at least 8% of the electric energy sold by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier to retail electric customers in that certificated territory in the 15th year after the effective date of this subsection is sold from Tier I alternative energy resources.
 - (2) The total percentage of the electric energy sold by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier to retail electric customers in this Commonwealth that must be sold from solar photovoltaic technologies is:
 - (i) 0.0013% for June 1, 2006, through May 31, 2007.
 - (ii) 0.0030% for June 1, 2007, through May 31, 2008.
 - (iii) 0.0063% for June 1, 2008, through May 31,

30 2009.

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(iv) 0.0120% for June 1, 2009, through May 31, 2010. 1 2 0.0203% for June 1, 2010, through May 31, 2011. 3 (vi) 0.0325% for June 1, 2011, through May 31, 2012. (vii) 0.0510% for June 1, 2012, through May 31, 4 2013. 5 (viii) 0.0840% for June 1, 2013, through May 31, 6 7 2014. 8 (ix) 0.1440% for June 1, 2014, through May 31, 2015. 0.2500% for June 1, 2015, through May 31, 2016. 9 10 (xi) 0.2933% for June 1, 2016, through May 31, 2017. 11 (xii) 0.3400% for June 1, 2017, through May 31, 12 2018. 13 (xiii) 0.3900% for June 1, 2018, through May 31, 2019. 14 15 (xiv) 0.4433% for June 1, 2019, through May 31, 2020. 16 (xv) 0.5000% for June 1, 2020, and thereafter. 17 18 (3) Upon commencement of the beginning of the 6th 19 reporting year, the commission shall undertake a review of 20 the compliance by electric distribution companies and 21 electric generation suppliers with the requirements of this act. The review shall also include the status of alternative 22 23 energy technologies within this Commonwealth and the capacity 24 to add additional alternative energy resources. The 25 commission shall use the results of this review to recommend 26 to the General Assembly additional compliance goals beyond year 15 for Tier I and Tier II shares. The commission shall 27 work with the department in evaluating the future alternative 28

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energy resource potential.

1	(c.1) Tier III share
2	(1) During the Tier III program, electric distribution
3	companies shall purchase Tier III alternative energy credits
4	equal to 50% of the total electric energy, net of system
5	losses, sold in a reporting period in a service territory by
6	the electric distribution companies and electric generation
7	suppliers in accordance with section 8.1(c)(3).
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the obligations
9	of electric distribution companies under this subsection
10	shall not be subject to 66 Pa.C.S. § 2807(e)(3.5) or (3.7).
11	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to obligate an
12	electric distribution company to purchase electric energy
13	from a Tier III alternative energy source.
14	(2) This subsection shall expire after an effective cost
15	of carbon emissions exists in this Commonwealth that is equal
16	to no less than an average of \$15 per ton over three
17	consecutive reporting periods as a result of the enactment of
18	a Statewide emissions fee program or participation by the
19	Commonwealth in a regional multistate greenhouse gas program.
20	(3) Upon the enactment of a Statewide emissions fee
21	program or participation by the Commonwealth in a regional
22	multistate greenhouse gas program, the commission shall
23	submit a notice to the Legislative Reference Bureau for
24	publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.
25	
	(4) This subsection shall expire on the date the notice
26	(4) This subsection shall expire on the date the notice under paragraph (3) is published in the Pennsylvania
26 27	
	under paragraph (3) is published in the Pennsylvania
27	under paragraph (3) is published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.

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credits program as needed to implement this act. The 1 provision of services pursuant to this section shall be 2 exempt from the competitive procurement procedures of 62 3 Pa.C.S. (relating to procurement). 4 The commission shall approve an independent entity 5 to serve as the alternative energy credits program 6 administrator. The administrator shall have those powers and 7 duties assigned by commission regulations. Such powers and 8 duties shall include, but not be limited to, the following: 9 10 To create and administer an alternative energy (i)credits certification, tracking and reporting program. 11 This program should include, at a minimum, a process for 12 qualifying alternative energy systems and determining the 13 manner credits can be created, accounted for, transferred 14 15 and retired. (ii) To submit reports to the commission at such 16 times and in such manner as the commission shall direct. 17 (3) All qualifying alternative energy systems must 18 include a qualifying meter to record the cumulative electric 19 production to verify the [advanced] alternative energy credit 20 value. Qualifying meters will be approved by the commission 21 as defined in paragraph (4). 22 23 (4) (i) An electric distribution company or electric generation supplier shall comply with the applicable 24 requirements of this section by purchasing sufficient 25 26 alternative energy credits and submitting documentation of compliance to the program administrator. 27 28 (ii) For purposes of this subsection, one alternative energy credit shall represent one megawatt 29 hour of qualified alternative electric generation, 30

whether self-generated, purchased along with the electric commodity or separately through a tradable instrument and otherwise meeting the requirements of commission regulations and the program administrator.

- (5) The alternative energy credits program shall include provisions requiring a reporting period as defined in section 2 for all covered entities under this act. The alternative energy credits program shall also include a true-up period as defined in section 2. The true-up period shall provide entities covered under this act the ability to obtain the required number of alternative energy credits or to make up any shortfall of the alternative energy credits they may be required to obtain to comply with this act. A force majeure provision shall also be provided for under the true-up period provisions.
- generation supplier may bank or place in reserve <u>Tier I and Tier II</u> alternative energy credits produced in one reporting year for compliance in either or both of the two subsequent reporting years, subject to the limitations set forth in this subsection and provided that the electric distribution company and electric generation supplier are in compliance for all previous reporting years. In addition, the electric distribution company and electric generation supplier shall demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commission that such credits:
 - (i) were in excess of the alternative energy credits needed for compliance in the year in which they were generated and that such excess credits have not previously been used for compliance under this act;

- (ii) were produced by the generation of electrical energy by alternative energy sources and sold to retail customers during the year in which they were generated;
 - (iii) have not otherwise been nor will be sold, retired, claimed or represented as part of satisfying compliance with alternative or renewable energy portfolio standards in other states.
 - generation supplier with sales that are exempted under subsection (d) may bank credits for retail sales of electricity generated from Tier I and Tier II sources made prior to the end of the cost-recovery period and after the effective date of this act. Bankable credits shall be limited to credits associated with electricity sold from Tier I and Tier II sources during a reporting year which exceeds the volume of sales from such sources by an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier during the 12-month period immediately preceding the effective date of this act. All credits banked under this subsection shall be available for compliance with subsections (b) and (c) for no more than two reporting years following the conclusion of the cost-recovery period.
 - (8) The commission or its designee shall develop a registry of pertinent information regarding all available alternative energy credits, credit transactions among electric distribution companies and electric generation suppliers, the number of alternative energy credits sold or transferred and the price paid for the sale or transfer of the credits. The registry shall provide current information

to electric distribution companies, electric generation suppliers and the general public on the status of alternative energy credits created, sold or transferred within this Commonwealth.

- (9) The commission may impose an administrative fee on an alternative energy credit transaction. The amount of this fee may not exceed the actual direct cost of processing the transaction by the alternative energy credits administrator. The commission is authorized to utilize up to 5% of the alternative compliance fees generated under subsection (f) for administrative expenses directly associated with this act.
- (10) The commission shall establish regulations governing the verification and tracking of energy efficiency and demand-side management measures pursuant to this act, which shall include benefits to all utility customer classes. When developing regulations, the commission must give reasonable consideration to existing and proposed regulations and rules in existence in the regional transmission organizations that manage the transmission system in any part of this Commonwealth. All verified reductions shall accrue credits starting with the passage of this act.
- (11) The commission shall within 120 days of the effective date of this act develop a depreciation schedule for alternative energy credits created through demand-side management, energy efficiency and load management technologies and shall develop standards for tracking and verifying savings from energy efficiency, load management and demand-side management measures. The commission shall allow for a 60-day public comment period and shall issue final

- standards within 30 days of the close of the public comment 1 2 period.
- (12) Unless a contractual provision explicitly assigns alternative energy credits in a different manner, the owner of the alternative energy system or a customer-generator owns any and all alternative energy credits associated with or created by the production of electric energy by such facility or customer, and the owner or customer shall be entitled to 8 sell, transfer or take any other action to which a legal 9 owner of property is entitled to take with respect to the 10 credits. 11
- (f) Alternative compliance payment. --12
 - (1) At the end of each program year, the program administrator shall provide a report to the commission and to each covered electric distribution company showing their status level of alternative energy acquisition.
 - The commission shall conduct a review of each determination made under subsections (b) [and], (c) and (c.1). If, after notice and hearing, the commission determines that an electric distribution company or electric generation supplier has failed to comply with subsections (b) [and], (c) and (c.1), as applicable, the commission shall impose an alternative compliance payment on that electric distribution company or electric generation supplier.
 - (3) The alternative compliance payment, with the exception of the solar photovoltaic share compliance requirement set forth in [subsection] subsections (b)(2) and (c.1), shall be \$45 times the number of additional alternative energy credits needed in order to comply with subsection (b) or (c).

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- The alternative compliance payment for the solar photovoltaic share shall be 200% of the average market value of solar renewable energy credits sold during the reporting period within the service region of the regional transmission organization, including, where applicable, the levelized up-front rebates received by sellers of solar renewable energy credits in other jurisdictions in the PJM [Interconnection, L.L.C. transmission organization (PJM) or its successor.] region.
 - (4.1) The alternative compliance payment for the Tier

 III share shall be 200% of the Tier III alternative energy

 credit reporting period price for the applicable reporting

 period times the number of additional alternative energy

 credits needed in order to comply with subsection (c.1).
 - (5) The commission shall establish a process to provide for, at least annually, a review of the alternative energy market within this Commonwealth and the service territories of the regional transmission organizations that manage the transmission system in any part of this Commonwealth. The commission will use the results of this study to identify any needed changes to the cost associated with the alternative compliance payment program. If the commission finds that the costs associated with the alternative compliance payment program must be changed, the commission shall present these findings to the General Assembly for legislative enactment.
 - (g) Transfer to sustainable development funds .--
 - (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of 66 Pa.C.S. §§ 511 (relating to disposition, appropriation and disbursement of assessments and fees) and 3315 (relating to disposition of fines and penalties), alternative compliance payments imposed

pursuant to this act for failure to comply with subsections 1 (b) and (c) shall be paid into Pennsylvania's Sustainable 2 Energy Funds created under the commission's restructuring 3 orders under 66 Pa.C.S. Ch. 28 (relating to restructuring of 4 electric utility industry). Alternative compliance payments 5 shall be paid into a special fund of the Pennsylvania 6 Sustainable Energy Board, established by the commission under 7 Docket M-00031715, and made available to the Regional 8 Sustainable Energy Funds under procedures and guidelines 9 approved by the Pennsylvania Energy Board. 10 The alternative compliance payments for failure to 11 (2)comply with subsections (b) and (c) shall be utilized solely 12 for projects that will increase the amount of electric energy 13 generated from alternative energy resources for purposes of 14 compliance with subsections (b) and (c). 15 (3) The alternative compliance payments for failure to 16 comply with subsection (c.1) shall be divided as follows: 17 (i) Fifty percent shall be paid consistent with 18 19 paragraphs (1) and (2). 20 (ii) Fifty percent shall be utilized by the alternative energy credits program administrator to pay 21 22 Tier III alternative energy sources for Tier III 23 alternative energy credits that were otherwise not purchased due to the failure to comply with subsection 24 25 (c.1).* * * 26 Section 3. Sections 4 and 6 of the act are amended to read: 27 Section 4. Portfolio requirements in other states. 28 If an electric distribution [supplier] company or electric 29 generation company [provider] supplier sells electricity in any 30

- 1 other state and is subject to renewable energy portfolio
- 2 requirements in that state, they shall list any such requirement
- 3 and shall indicate how it satisfied those renewable energy
- 4 portfolio requirements. To prevent double-counting, the electric
- 5 distribution [supplier] company or electric generation company
- 6 shall not satisfy Pennsylvania's alternative energy portfolio
- 7 requirements using alternative energy used to satisfy another
- 8 state's portfolio requirements or alternative energy credits
- 9 already purchased by individuals, businesses or government
- 10 bodies that do not have a compliance obligation under this act
- 11 unless the individual, business or government body sells those
- 12 credits to the electric distribution company or electric
- 13 generation supplier. Energy derived from alternative energy
- 14 sources inside the geographical boundaries of this Commonwealth
- 15 shall be eligible to meet the compliance requirements under this
- 16 act. Energy derived from alternative energy sources located
- 17 outside the geographical boundaries of this Commonwealth but
- 18 within the service territory of a regional transmission
- 19 organization that manages the transmission system in any part of
- 20 this Commonwealth shall only be eligible to meet the compliance
- 21 requirements of electric distribution companies or electric
- 22 generation suppliers located within the service territory of the
- 23 same regional transmission organization. For purposes of
- 24 compliance with this act, alternative energy sources located in
- 25 [the PJM Interconnection, L.L.C. regional transmission
- 26 organization (PJM) or its successor] PJM's service territory
- 27 shall be eliqible to fulfill compliance obligations of all
- 28 Pennsylvania electric distribution companies and electric
- 29 generation suppliers. Energy derived from alternative energy
- 30 sources located outside the service territory of a regional

- 1 transmission organization that manages the transmission system
- 2 in any part of this Commonwealth shall not be eligible to meet
- 3 the compliance requirements of this act. Electric distribution
- 4 companies and electric generation suppliers shall document that
- 5 this energy was not used to satisfy another state's renewable
- 6 energy portfolio standards.
- 7 Section 6. Health and safety standards.
- 8 The department shall cooperate with the Department of Labor
- 9 and Industry as necessary in developing health and safety
- 10 standards, as needed, regarding facilities generating energy
- 11 from <u>Tier I and Tier II</u> alternative energy sources. The
- 12 department shall establish appropriate and reasonable health and
- 13 safety standards to ensure uniform and proper compliance with
- 14 this act by owners and operators of facilities generating energy
- 15 from <u>Tier I and Tier II</u> alternative energy sources as defined in
- 16 this act.
- 17 Section 4. Section 7 of the act is amended by adding a
- 18 subsection to read:
- 19 Section 7. Interagency responsibilities.
- 20 * * *
- 21 (d) Enforcement. -- In addition to any powers expressly
- 22 specified under this act, the commission may enforce the
- 23 provisions of this act in accordance with the commission's
- 24 regulations and orders and the commission may modify or rescind
- 25 the regulations or orders. Nothing in this subsection shall be
- 26 construed to exclude any authority which the commission would
- 27 otherwise have under this act or 66 Pa.C.S. (relating to public
- 28 utilities).
- 29 Section 5. The act is amended by adding sections to read:
- 30 Section 8.1. Tier III alternative energy sources.

1	(a) Participation An alternative energy source seeking to
2	apply for participation in the Tier III program shall file a
3	written notice with the commission. The written notice shall
4	contain all of the following information:
5	(1) The alternative energy source's qualifications as a
6	Tier III alternative energy source.
7	(2) The estimated generation of the alternative energy
8	resources consistent with subsection (b) (2).
9	(3) The alternative energy source's commitment to sell
10	the entire output of the alternative energy source as Tier
11	III credits for at least six reporting periods with the
12	commission no later than 90 days after the start of the first
13	Tier III program reporting period. The provisions of
14	subsection (b) shall apply for the entire first reporting
15	period if the alternative energy source is designated as a
16	Tier III alternative energy source by the commission.
17	(b) Review
18	(1) The alternative energy source shall submit the
19	notice filed under subsection (a) to the Legislative
20	Reference Bureau for publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin
21	in the first available issue after filing the notice with the
22	commission. Any comments in response to the notice filed
23	under subsection (a) shall be submitted no later than 20 days
24	after the notice is published in the Pennsylvania Bulletin
25	and any reply comments shall be submitted no later than 10
26	days after the initial comments are submitted.
27	(2) The commission shall review each notice filed under
28	subsection (a) and all comments submitted under this
29	paragraph and rank each applicant for participation in the
30	Tier III program from first to last based on how well the

1	alternative energy source satisfies the criteria specified
2	under this act. No later than 90 days after reviewing each
3	notice filed under subsection (a), the commission shall
4	select the applicants that will participate in the Tier III
5	program according to their ranking. Beginning with the top-
6	ranked applicant and continuing in rank order, the commission
7	shall select applicants up to the point at which the combined
8	sum of megawatt hours of estimated generation by all selected
9	applicants equals approximately 50% of the total number of
10	megawatt hours of electricity distributed by electric
11	distribution companies in this Commonwealth, net of system_
12	losses, for the latest calendar year reported in the most
13	recent Electric Power Outlook or other report reviewing the
14	generation, transmission and distribution capacity in this
15	Commonwealth published by the commission. For the purposes of
16	this calculation, the estimated generation shall be as
17	follows:
18	(i) For existing alternative energy resources fueled
19	by nuclear fission, the estimated generation shall be
20	equal to the product of 77% multiplied by 8,760 hours per
21	year multiplied by the nameplate capacity of the plant.
22	(ii) For existing alternative energy resources not
23	fueled by nuclear fission, the estimated generation shall
24	be equal to the generation output of the resources in the
25	calendar year which concludes immediately prior to the
26	date upon which qualification applications are due.
27	(iii) For new alternative energy resources, the
28	estimated generation is equal to the product of 8,760
29	hours per year multiplied by the nameplate capacity of
30	the resource multiplied by the average capacity factor of

1	similar existing resources.
2	(3) The commission shall select the marginal applicant
3	to participate in the Tier III program if the addition of 50%
4	of the estimated generation produced by the marginal
5	applicant does not cause the combined sum of megawatt hours
6	of estimated generation from all selected applicants,
7	including the marginal unit, to exceed 50% of the total
8	number of megawatt hours of electricity distributed by
9	electric distribution companies in this Commonwealth in the
10	calendar year which concludes immediately prior to the date
11	upon which qualification applications are due.
12	(4) Once designated as a Tier III alternative energy
13	source, an alternative energy source shall continue to be
14	considered a Tier III alternative energy source as long as
15	the alternative energy source continues to meet the criteria
16	specified under this act.
17	(c) Transfers and payments
18	(1) No later than 35 days after the close of each
19	reporting period, each Tier III alternative energy source
20	shall transfer all Tier III alternative energy credits for
21	the reporting period to the alternative energy credit program
22	administrator. The program administrator shall hold the Tier
23	III alternative energy credits on behalf of the Tier III
24	alternative energy sources for the sole purpose of
25	administering the Tier III program.
26	(2) No later than seven days after all Tier III
27	alternative energy sources have transferred the credits under
28	paragraph (1), each electric distribution company shall
29	purchase Tier III alternative energy credits from the

alternative energy credit program administrator at the Tier

III alternative energy credit reporting period price for the reporting period to satisfy each electric distribution company's Tier III obligations.

(3) No later than seven days after each electric distribution company purchases Tier III alternative energy credits under paragraph (2), the alternative energy credit program administrator shall pay each Tier III alternative energy source for the Tier III alternative energy credits transferred to the alternative energy credit program administrator under paragraph (1) in accordance with the following:

energy credits transferred to the alternative energy
credit program administrator is less than the sum of the
Tier III shares for all electric distribution companies
in this Commonwealth, then each electric distribution
company's Tier III share for that delivery year shall be
each electric distribution company's proportional share
of transferred Tier III credits. An electric distribution
company's proportional share shall be a percentage equal
to the total electric energy sold in a service territory
by the electric distribution company and electric
generation suppliers divided by the total electric energy
sold by all electric distribution companies and electric
generation suppliers in this Commonwealth.

(ii) If the sum of Tier III alternative energy credits transferred to the alternative energy credit program administrator from all Tier III alternative energy sources is greater than the sum of the Tier III shares for all electric distribution companies in this

Commonwealth, then each Tier III alternative energy 1 2 source shall be paid for each of the Tier III alternative energy source's prorated share of transferred Tier III 3 credits. Tier III alternative energy credits transferred 4 to the program administrator that exceed the sum of the 5 Tier III shares for all electric distribution companies 6 7 in this Commonwealth shall be retired. An alternative energy source's prorated share shall be a percentage 8 9 equal to the sum of Tier III shares for all electric distribution companies in this Commonwealth divided by 10 11 the sum of Tier III alternative energy credits transferred to the program administrator from all Tier 12 III alternative energy sources. Credits purchased by 13 14 electric distribution companies may not be transferred, sold or assigned to any other entity. 15 (d) Suspension of operations .--16 (1) A designated Tier III alternative energy source 17 shall be excused from the designated Tier III alternative 18 19 energy source's commitment to operate for at least six 20 reporting periods and shall no longer receive Tier III alternative energy credits if any of the following apply: 21 22 (i) The designated Tier III alternative energy 23 source suspends or ceases operations, despite the designated Tier III alternative energy source's 24 25 reasonable efforts to continue operations, due to an event beyond the designated Tier III alternative energy 26 27 source's control, including, but not limited to, acts of God, flood, drought, earthquake, storm, fire, lightning, 28 29 epidemic, war, riot, labor or material shortage, sabotage

30

or explosion. The designated Tier III alternative energy

1	source shall no longer be excused from performance and
2	payment of Tier III alternative credits after the
3	conclusion of an event specified under this subparagraph.
4	(ii) The General Assembly enacts a new law imposing
5	a material new tax, special assessment or fee on the
6	generation of electricity, the ownership or leasehold of
7	a generating unit or the privilege or occupation of the
8	generation, ownership or leasehold of generation units by
9	a designated Tier III alternative energy source.
10	(iii) The Congress of the United States or General
11	Assembly enacts a law that materially reduces the Tier
12	III alternative energy credit reporting period price.
13	(iv) The Federal Government or the Commonwealth
14	takes final action relating to the provision of Tier III
15	alternative energy credits that has the effect of
16	eliminating a material portion of a designated Tier III
17	alternative energy source's anticipated future revenue,
18	taking into account the benefits to be provided to a
19	designated Tier III alternative energy source under the
20	Tier III program.
21	(v) The designated Tier III alternative energy
22	source requires capital expenditures in excess of
23	\$40,000,000 that were not known or reasonably foreseeable
2.4	at the time of the submission of the alternative energy
25	source's qualifications under subsection (a) as a Tier
26	III alternative energy source and the capital
27	expenditures are expenditures that a prudent owner or
28	operator of a designated Tier III alternative energy
29	source would not undertake.
30	(vi) The United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Table 1	
1	terminates the designated Tier III alternative energy
2	source's license.
3	(e) Expiration
4	(1) This section shall expire after an effective cost of
5	carbon emissions exists in this Commonwealth that is equal to
6	no less than an average of \$15 per ton over three consecutive
7	reporting periods as a result of the enactment of a Statewide
8	emissions fee program or participation by the Commonwealth in
9	a regional multistate greenhouse gas program. Tier III
10	alternative energy sources shall receive payments for Tier
11	III alternative energy credits as provided under subsection
12	(c) for credits generated prior to the effective date of the
13	enactment of a Statewide emissions fee program or
14	participation by the Commonwealth in a regional multistate
15	greenhouse gas program.
16	(2) Upon the enactment of a Statewide emissions fee
17	program or participation by the Commonwealth in a regional
18	multistate greenhouse gas program, the commission shall
19	submit a notice to the Legislative Reference Bureau for
20	publication in the Pennsylvania Bulletin.
21	(3) This section shall expire on the date the notice
22	under paragraph (2) is published in the Pennsylvania
23	Bulletin.
24	Section 8.2. Capacity payments to alternative energy sources.
25	(a) Program The alternative energy credits program
26	administrator shall establish and administer a program in which
27	alternative energy systems may opt to supply and be paid for
28	capacity through a means other than the centralized base
29	residual auction for capacity operated by PJM as authorized by
30	the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. The duties of the

*	
1	program administrator shall include, but not be limited to, all
2	of the following:
3	(1) Establishing a process by which an alternative
4	energy system is permitted to notify PJM, consistent with
5	requirements approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory
6	Commission, of the decision to opt out of the centralized
7	base residual auction for capacity and sell the alternative
8	energy system's capacity through other mechanisms.
9	(2) Providing any determinations required by PJM with
10	respect to an alternative energy system, including a
11	calculation of the commensurate amount of customer load that
12	will not participate in the centralized base residual auction
13	for capacity as a result of an alternative energy system's
14	decision to sell the alternative energy system's capacity
15	though other mechanisms. If consistent with requirements
16	approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, the
17	alternative energy system's capacity shall be calculated pro
18	rata across all load-serving entities in this Commonwealth.
19	(3) Determining the amount that will be paid for the
20	capacity of an alternative energy system that opts out of the
21	centralized base residual auction for capacity for each
22	applicable reporting period, which shall be equal to the
23	generation capacity of the alternative energy system as
24	determined in accordance with PJM requirements multiplied by
25	the locational delivery area price established by PJM in the
26	centralized base residual auction for capacity or successor
27	mechanism approved by the Federal Energy Regulatory
28	Commission for the location where the alternative energy
29	system is located.
30	(b) Payments In the event that PJM does not operate a

- 1 settlement mechanism under which alternative energy systems that
- 2 make elections under subsection (a) can receive payments from
- 3 load-serving entities, the alternative energy credits program
- 4 administrator shall calculate the total amount due to the
- 5 alternative energy system under subsection (a) (3) and notify the
- 6 electric distribution company of the electric distribution
- 7 company's share of the amount based upon the electric
- 8 distribution company's pro rata share of the electric energy
- 9 sold to retail electric customers in this Commonwealth during
- 10 the applicable reporting period. No later than seven days after
- 11 the electric distribution company receives the notice under this
- 12 <u>subsection</u>, the electric distribution company shall pay the
- 13 amount to the program administrator. The electric distribution
- 14 company shall then forward the amount due to the alternative
- 15 energy system under subsection (a)(3).
- (c) Deadline. -- The alternative energy credits program
- 17 administrator shall establish the program under subsection (a)
- 18 within 90 days after the later of the following:
- 19 (1) The effective date of this section.
- 20 (2) The date when PJM rules that allow alternative
- 21 energy systems to opt out of the centralized base residual
- 22 auction are authorized by the Federal Energy Regulatory
- 23 Commission.
- 24 Section 6. This act shall take effect in 60 days.